

# Staff Tenure in Selected Positions in House Member Offices, 2006-2016

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# Summary

The length of time a congressional staff member spends employed in a particular position in Congress—or congressional staff tenure—is a source of recurring interest to Members, staff, and the public. A congressional office, for example, may seek this information to assess its human resources capabilities, or for guidance in how frequently staffing changes might be expected for various positions. Congressional staff may seek this type of information to evaluate and approach their own individual career trajectories. This report presents a number of statistical measures regarding the length of time House office staff stay in particular job positions. It is designed to facilitate the consideration of tenure from a number of perspectives.

This report provides tenure data for a selection of 16 staff position titles that are typically used in House Member offices, and information on how to use those data for different purposes. The positions include Administrative Director, Casework Supervisor, Caseworker, Chief of Staff, Communications Director, Counsel, District Director, Executive Assistant, Field Representative, Legislative Assistant, Legislative Correspondent, Legislative Director, Office Manager, Press Secretary, Scheduler, and Staff Assistant. House Members' staff tenure data were calculated as of March 31, for each year between 2006 and 2016, for all staff in each position. An overview table provides staff tenure for selected positions for 2016, including summary statistics and information on whether the time staff stayed in a position increased, was unchanged, or decreased between 2006 and 2016. Other tables provide detailed tenure data and visualizations for each position title.

Between 2006 and 2016, staff tenure appears to have increased by six months or more for staff in three position titles in House Member offices, based on the trend of the median number of years in the position. For 13 positions, the median tenure was unchanged. These findings may be consistent with overall workforce trends in the United States.

Pay may be one of many factors that affect an individual's decision to remain in or leave a particular job. House Member office staff holding positions that are generally lower-paid typically remained in those roles for shorter periods of time than those in generally higher-paying positions. Lower-paying positions may also be considered entry-level roles; if so, tenure for House Member office employees in these roles appears to follow national trends for other entry-level jobs, which individuals hold for a relatively short period of time. Those in more senior positions, where a particular level of congressional or other professional experience is often required, typically remained in those roles comparatively longer, similar to those in more senior positions in the general workforce.

Generalizations about staff tenure are limited in some ways, because each House office serves as its own hiring authority. Variations from office to office, which might include differences in job duties, work schedules, office emphases, and other factors, may limit the extent to which data provided here might match tenure in another office. Direct comparisons of congressional employment to the general labor market may have similar limitations. An employing Member's retirement or electoral loss, for example, may cause staff tenure periods to end abruptly and unexpectedly.

This report is one of a number of CRS products on congressional staff. Others include CRS Report R43947, House of Representatives Staff Levels in Member, Committee, Leadership, and Other Offices, 1977-2016 and CRS Report R44323, Staff Pay Levels for Selected Positions in House Member Offices, 2001-2014.

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### Introduction

The length of time a congressional staff member spends employed in Congress, or job tenure, is a source of recurring interest among Members of Congress, congressional staff, those who study staffing in the House and Senate,<sup>2</sup> and the public. There may be interest in congressional tenure information from multiple perspectives, including assessment of how a congressional office might oversee human resources issues, how staff might approach a congressional career, and guidance for how frequently staffing changes may occur in various positions. Others might be interested in how staff are deployed, and could see staff tenure as an indication of the effectiveness or well-being of Congress as an institution.<sup>3</sup>

This report provides tenure data for 16 staff position titles that are typically used in House Member offices,<sup>4</sup> and information for using those data for different purposes. The positions include the following:

- Administrative Director
- Casework Supervisor
- Caseworker
- Chief of Staff
- Communications Director
- Counsel
- District Director
- Executive Assistant
- Field Representative
- Legislative Assistant
- Legislative Correspondent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Congress, House Committee on House Administration, Committee Funding for the 114<sup>th</sup> Congress (Day1), 114<sup>th</sup> Cong., 1st sess., February 4, 2015 (Washington: GPO, 2015), pp.19-20, 28-29, 38, 47, 70, 72, 80, 87, 103, and 110-112, at https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CHRG-114hhrg93363/pdf/CHRG-114hhrg93363.pdf; U.S. Congress, House Committee on House Administration, Committee Funding for the 112th Congress (Day1), 112th Cong., 1st sess., March 2, 2011 (Washington: GPO, 2011), pp. 19-20, 32, 49, 57, 63, 95, and 108, at https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CHRG-112hhrg66807/pdf/CHRG-112hhrg66807.pdf; Andrew Taylor, "Lawmakers Vote To Increase Budgets For House Offices," Associated Press Newswire, June 10, 2016; Luke Rosiak, "Freshmen Reformers Avoid Hill Experience In Staffing; But Knowledge Shown To Help," The Washington Times, February 15, 2013, p. A-1; and Julie R. Hirschfeld, "Legislative Branch Cutbacks Add To House-Senate Salary Disparity," Congressional Quarterly Daily Monitor, May 8, 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Jennifer M. Jensen, "Explaining Congressional Staff Members' Decisions to Leave the Hill," Congress and the Presidency, vol. 38, no. 1 (2011), pp. 39-59; and Barbara S. Romzek and Jennifer A. Utter, "Career Dynamics of Congressional Legislative Staff: Preliminary Profile and Research Questions," Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory, vol. 6, no. 6 (1996), pp. 415-424.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Anthony J. Madonna and Ian Ostrander, "Getting the Congress You Pay For: Legislative Staffing and Organizational Capacity," Paper prepared for presentation at the Annual Meeting of the American Political Science Association, Washington, DC, August 28-September 1, 2014; Robert C. Byrd, The Senate, 1789-1989: Addresses on the History of the United States Senate, vol. I (Washington: GPO, 1988); Harrison W. Fox, Jr. and Susan Webb Hammond, Congressional Staffs: the Invisible Force in American Lawmaking (New York: The Free Press, 1977); Kenneth Kofmehl, Professional Staffs of Congress, 3rd ed. (West Lafayette, IN: Purdue University Press, 1977).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Additional information on the job titles used in this report is available in **Appendix**, below. For a discussion of staff roles in Members' offices, see CRS Report RL34545, Congressional Staff: Duties and Functions of Selected Positions, by R. Eric Petersen.

- Legislative Director
- Office Manager
- Press Secretary
- Scheduler
- Staff Assistant

### **Data Source and Concerns**

Publicly available information sources do not provide aggregated congressional staff tenure data in a readily retrievable or analyzable form. The most recent publicly available House staff compensation report, which provided some insight into the duration which congressional staff worked in a number of positions, was issued in 2010<sup>5</sup> and relied on anonymous, self-reported survey data. Data in this report are instead based on official House pay reports, from which tenure information arguably may be most reliably derived, and which afford the opportunity to use complete, consistently collected data. Tenure information provided in this report is based on the House's *Statement of Disbursements* (SOD),<sup>6</sup> published quarterly by the House Chief Administrative Officer, as collated by LegiStorm, a private entity that provides some congressional data by subscription.<sup>7</sup>

House Member staff tenure data were calculated for each year between 2006 and 2016. Annual data allow for observations about the nature of staff tenure in House Member offices over time. For each year, all staff with at least one week's service<sup>8</sup> on March 31 were included. All employment pay dates from October 2, 2000, to March 24 of each year are included in the data.

Utilizing official salary expenditure data from the House may provide more complete, robust findings than other methods of determining staff tenure, such as surveys; the data presented here, however, are subject to some challenges that could affect the interpretation of the information presented. Tenure information provided in this report may understate the actual time staff spend in particular positons, due in part to several features of the data.

Overall, the time frame studied may lead to some underrepresentation in tenure duration. **Figure 1** provides potential examples of congressional staff, identified as Jobholders A-D, in a given position. Since tenure data are not captured before October 2, 2000, some individuals,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ICF International, 2010 House Compensation Study: Guide for the 112<sup>th</sup> Congress, prepared for the Chief Administrative Officer, House of Representatives (Washington: 2010).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Volumes of the Statement of Disbursements since July 2009 are available at http://disbursements.house.gov/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> http://www.legistorm.com/. LegiStorm provides data from October 1, 2000, see "Congressional Salaries FAQ," https://www.legistorm.com/salaries/faq.html#How\_far\_back\_does\_your\_salary\_information\_go\_. Congressional staff pay data are taken by LegiStorm from the semiannual *Report of the Secretary of the Senate* and the SOD. LegiStorm provided staff and pay records to the Congressional Research Service covering the period October 1, 2000-March 31, 2016, for the Senate and House in a series of relational data files that combined information about staff from both chambers. LegiStorm data contained information on 170,108 individuals, including current and former congressional staff, Members of Congress, other government officials, and others; of those, 83,142 were employed by a Member of the House between 2000 and 2016. The LegiStorm-aggregated House and Senate pay data contained more than 1.23 million records, including 619,567 records of staff working for Members of the House that were used to derive tenure information provided in this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Staff were included if they were on payroll on March 31 of each year and had at least one week of service in the position. Staff with six or fewer days (0.0167 years) of service in the position on March 31 of each year were excluded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> **Figure 1** provides a simplified view of congressional staff tenure; other possibilities for jobholder tenure periods exist but are not represented in this illustration. Some staff starting employment at the same time as Jobholder A, for (continued...)

represented as Jobholder A, may have an unknown length of service prior to that date that is not captured. This feature of the data only affects a small number of employees within this dataset, since many tenure periods completely begin and end within the observed period of time, as represented by Jobholders B and C. The data last capture those who were employed in House Members' personal offices as of March 31, 2016, represented as Jobholder D, and some of those individuals likely continued to work in the same roles after that date.

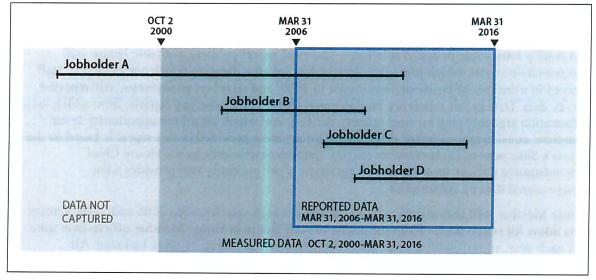


Figure 1. Examples of Jobholder Tenure Periods

**Source:** CRS, adaptation of Figure I from June G. Morita, Thomas W. Lee, and Richard T. Mowday, "The Regression-Analog to Survival Analysis: A Selected Application to Turnover Research," *Academy of Management Journal*, vol. 36, no. 6 (December 1993), pp. 1430-1464.

Data provided in this report represent an individual's consecutive time spent working in a particular position in the personal office of a House Member. They do not necessarily capture the overall time worked in a House office or across a congressional career. If a person's job title changes, for example, from staff assistant to caseworker, the time that individual spent as a staff assistant is recorded separately from the time that individual spent as a caseworker. If a person stops working for the House for some time, that individual's tenure in his or her preceding position ends, although he or she may return to work in Congress at some point. No aggregate measure of individual congressional career length is provided in this report.

Other data concerns arise from the variation across offices, lack of other demographic information about staff, and lack of information about where congressional staff work.

Potential differences might exist in the job duties of positions with the same or similar title, and there is wide variation among the job titles used for various positions in congressional offices. The **Appendix** provides the number of related titles included for each job title for which tenure data are provided. Aggregation of tenure by job title rests on the assumption that staff with the same or similar title carry out the same or similar tasks. Given the wide discretion congressional

example, might have terminated their service prior to March 31, 2006, or might have continued in the position after March 31, 2016. Similarly, some staff starting at the same time as Jobholder B might not have ended their service before March 31, 2016, and might have continued in the position after that date.

<sup>(...</sup>continued)

employing authorities have in setting the terms and conditions of employment, there may be differences in the duties of similarly titled staff that could have effects on the interpretation of their time in a particular position.

As presented here, tenure data provide no insight into the education, age, work experience, pay, full- or part-time status of staff, or other potential data that might inform explanations of why a congressional staff member might stay in a particular position.

Staff could be based in Washington, DC, district offices, or both. It is unknown whether or to what extent the location of congressional employment might affect the duration of that employment.

### Presentation of Tenure Data

Tables in this section provide tenure data for selected positions in the personal offices of House Members and detailed data and visualizations for each position. **Table 1** provides a summary of staff tenure for selected positions since 2006. The data include job titles, average and median years of service, and grouped years of service for each position. The "Trend" column provides information on whether the time staff stayed in a position increased, was unchanged, or decreased between 2006 and 2016. <sup>10</sup> **Table 2-Table 17** provide information on individual job titles over the same period.

In all of the data tables, the average and the median length of tenure columns provide two different measures of central tendency, 11 and each may be useful for some purposes and less suitable for others. The average represents the sum of the observed years of tenure, divided by the number of staff in that position. It is a common measure that can be understood as a representation of how long an individual remains, on average, in a job position. The average can be affected disproportionately by unusually low or high observations. A few individuals who remain for many years in a position, for example, may draw the average tenure length up for that position. A number of staff who stay in a position for only a brief period may depress the average length of tenure. The median represents the middle value when all the observations are arranged by order of magnitude. Another common measure of central tendency, the median can be understood as a representation of a center point at which half of the observations fall below, and half above. Extremely high or low observations may have less of an impact on the median.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> As used in this report, "trend" is an indication of the general course of median staff tenure in each position over time, based on a linear regression model. The resulting trend line (which is available to congressional staff upon request), could increase, decrease, or remain unchanged. Each position's trend line varies between 2006 and 2016, but the variability demonstrates negligible change for most positions. To distinguish positions with readily measurable changes in their tenure, a benchmark of change in trend is set to an increase or decrease of six months' tenure over the 11 years observed. "Unchanged" in this context is defined as an increase or decrease in the median trend of tenure of fewer than six months between 2006 and 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> A measure of central tendency is a single value that represents the middle of a data distribution, or list of numbers. It is often used to summarize that set of data. There are a variety of ways to measure central tendency, including, but not limited to, the average and median.

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#### **Using Position Data Tables**

Position data are found in Table 2-Table 17, and each of these tables provides information on a separate job title.

**Section A** provides the number of individuals with a particular job title and provides a chart that illustrates this information. The number of staff over time might offer insight into the operations and activities in House Members' offices, or the House more generally.

**Section B** provides the annual average and median tenures for that position. Average and median are reported for each position because one measure may be more appropriate than the other, depending upon which data are being examined and for what purpose.

**Section C** provides the percentages of staff who had been working in that job for up to one year, one to five years, and five or more years. Below the tables in Section C, visualization provides percentages for three selected years: 2006, 2011, and 2016.

**Section D** provides more detailed information for staff in each position over the past five years. For the years 2012-2016, the percentage of staff in each job is displayed in annual increments for 1-10 years of service, in addition to categories for less than a year of service and more than 10 years. The average and median for each annual increment over this five-year period is also provided. The figure at the bottom of Section D visually displays this information for 2012, 2014, and 2016. Because the available data begin in October 2000, at least 10 years of staff tenure data are available by 2012, which enables more detailed information to be provided about those who have worked between 5 and 10 years.

Individual elements of data in this report may provide more useful insights when compared to other data provided. Combined, certain statistics may be used to infer changes in tenure over time or address other questions of interest. The overall average and median for a position found in **Table I**, for example, might be compared to the equivalent measures in a particular year from Section B of that job position table, and could illustrate how typical or atypical average or median tenure in that year is. The aggregate average or median distributions provided in the "% by Position" columns of **Table I** could similarly be used in comparison to Section C of a job position table to evaluate the percentage distributions for a given year.

The tenure percentage distributions may be helpful for determining continuity or turnover patterns for job positions. A broad, overall measure of turnover is provided in Table I, but more information can be found in the job position tables, in Sections C and D. A position with a large proportion of staff remaining for five or more years, relative to the proportion of staff remaining for under one year, for example, could indicate a position that jobholders typically remain in for longer periods of time. Comparing these distributions over time could indicate that a job is becoming more stable, or, conversely, that greater turnover is occurring. When performing any assessment with these percentages, it is important to consider the number of staff in a particular role; a percentage change may seem dramatic when the overall number of staff is small, but reflect changes of only one or a few individuals. It may be helpful to convert percentages to number of staff, by multiplying the percentage by the staff count in Section A for the corresponding year. Although this report does not measure staff tenure in terms of "cohorts" who all begin during a certain year, this type of information may be inferred from the detailed annual breakdowns provided in Section D. A read of Section D diagonally—down one row to the next calendar year and right one column to the next year of service—may help address questions related to tenure for staff hired in, or working during, a particular year.

# **Assessing Tenure Data**

Generalizations about staff tenure are limited in at least three potentially significant ways, including:

- the relatively brief period of time for which reliable, largely inclusive data are available in a readily analyzable form;
- how the unique nature of congressional work settings might affect staff tenure;
   and
- the lack of demographic information about staff for which tenure data are available.

Considering tenure in isolation from demographic characteristics of the congressional workforce might limit the extent to which tenure information can be assessed. Additional data on congressional staff regarding age, education, and other elements would be needed for this type of analysis, and are not readily available at the position level. Finally, since each House Member office serves as its own hiring authority, variations from office to office, which for each position may include differences in job duties, work schedules, office emphases, and other factors, may limit the extent to which aggregated data provided here might match tenure in a particular office. Despite these caveats, a few broad observations can be made about staff in House Member offices.

Between 2006 and 2016, staff tenure, based on the trend of the median number of years in the position, appears to have increased by six months or more for staff in three position titles<sup>12</sup> in House Member offices. The median tenure was unchanged for 13 positions.<sup>13</sup> This may be consistent with overall workforce trends in the United States.<sup>14</sup> Although pay is not the only factor that might affect an individual's decision to remain in or leave a particular job, staff in positions that generally pay less typically remained in those roles for shorter periods of time than those in higher-paying positions.<sup>15</sup> Some of these lower-paying positions may also be considered entry-level positions in some House Member offices; if so, House office employees in those roles appear to follow national trends for others in entry-level types of jobs, remaining in the role for a relatively short period of time.<sup>16</sup> Similarly, those in more senior positions, which often require a

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Administrative Director, Chief of Staff, and Office Manager.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Casework Supervisor, Caseworker, Communications Director, Counsel, District Director, Executive Assistant, Field Representative, Legislative Assistant, Legislative Correspondent, Legislative Director, Press Secretary, Scheduler, and Staff Assistant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Data provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) suggest that the tenure trend in the U.S. labor force for workers aged 25 and over is largely unchanged between 2006 and 2016. See U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Table 1. Median years of tenure with current employer for employed wage and salary workers by age and sex, selected years, 2006-2016, Washington, DC, September 22, 2016, http://www.bls.gov/news.release/tenure.t01.htm. See also, Ibid, Employee Tenure Summary, http://www.bls.gov/news.release/tenure.nr0.htm. Staff working in congressional offices likely appear to be fairly representative of the general workforce in the United States. Nevertheless, direct comparisons of congressional employment to the general labor market may have limitations. Unlike congressional tenure data provided in this report by title, for example, BLS data are based on the entire U.S. workforce, and determine tenure statistics based on the time an employee spends with an employer rather than time in one specified job title. Comparisons between the two sets of employment tenure information should be drawn with care.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> For more information on congressional salaries, see CRS Report R44323, *Staff Pay Levels for Selected Positions in House Member Offices*, 2001-2014, coordinated by R. Eric Petersen. Pay data are not available for the Administrative Director, Casework Supervisor, and Counsel titles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Those staff positions that typically earn a lower salary than others, including Executive Assistant, Legislative (continued...)

particular level of congressional or other professional experience, typically remained in those roles comparatively longer, similar to those in more senior positions in the general workforce.

Table 1. Tenure in Selected Positions in House Member Offices, and Distribution of Staff by Tenure, 2006-2016

	Tenure	, Years		% in	Position		
Position	Average	Median		<   Year	I-5 Years	5+ Years	Trend
Administrative Director	3.7	3.0	Average	22.8%	44.6%	32.5%	
Administrative Director	3./	3.0	Median	23.1%	41.8%	37.3%	Increased
Casework Supervisor	2.9	1.7	Average	30.2%	51.0%	18.8%	T11
Casework Supervisor	2.7	1.7	Median	33.3%	48.3%	18.8%	Unchanged
Caseworker	3.0	2.0	Average	28.8%	49.8%	21.4%	Unchanged
Caseworker	5.0	2.0	Median	27.9%	50.8%	22.8%	Onchanged
Chief of Staff	3.7	2.8	Average	21.6%	48.8%	29.5%	Increased
	2	2.0	Median	22.2%	50.9%	31.6%	mereased
Communications Director	2.0	1.3	Average	39.0%	51.3%	9.7%	Unchanged
Communications Director	2.0	, 1.5	Median	34.7%	52.4%	10.7%	Officinalized
Counsel	1.9	I.I	Average	44.9%	47.4%	7.7%	l la abanca d
Counsel	1.7	1.1	Median	46.2%	45.5%	7.4%	Unchanged
District Director	3.1	2.2	Average	26.7%	51.1%	22.1%	
District Director	3.1	2.2	Median	27.9%	51.9%	23.7%	Unchanged
Executive Assistant	2.8	1.9	Average	33.3%	47.7%	19.1%	11
Executive Assistant	2.0	1.7	Median	33.1%	48.5%	20.0%	Unchanged
Field Representative	2.4	1.3	Average	36.5%	49.3%	14.3%	
rieid Nepresentative	2.4	1.3	Median	34.3%	49.8%	15.3%	Unchanged
Legislative Assistant	1.7	1.2	Average	41.0%	54.0%	5.0%	11. 1
Legislative / issistant	1.7	1.2	Median	41.1%	53.3%	5.2%	Unchanged
Legislative Correspondent	1.1	0.8	Average	60.5%	37.9%	1.6%	I la alconocid
Legislative Correspondent	1.1	0.6	Median	61.5%	37.9%	1.8%	Unchanged
Legislative Director	2.3	1.7	Average	33.6%	54.7%	11.7%	11-1
Legislative Dil ector	2.3	1.7	Median	30.9%	57.0%	11.6%	Unchanged
Office Manager	2.1	2.2	Average	28.5%	48.2%	23.3%	
Onice manager	3.1	2.2	Median	30.4%	48.2%	26.6%	Increased
Press Secretary	1.9	1.2	Average	43.7%	48.2%	8.1%	Unchanged

<sup>(...</sup>continued)

Assistant, Legislative Correspondent, and Staff Assistant, may be seen in some House Member offices as entry level, but both pay data (see ibid.) and tenure data presented in this report suggest that this might not be a consistent practice in every office.

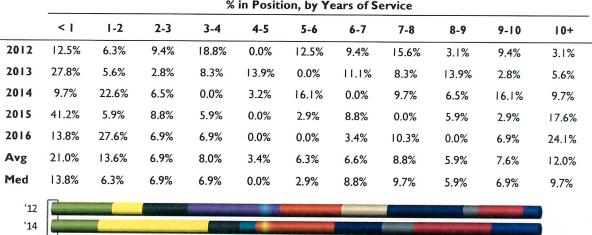
	Tenure	, Years	Contract of	% in	Position		
Position	Average	Median		<   Year	I-5 Years	5+ Years	Trend
-Y -F	67 Z-1	17	Median	42.6%	47.6%	7.1%	the state of
Calcadalan	1.0	1.2	Average	44.1%	48.6%	7.3%	Linebanes d
Scheduler	1.8	1.2	Median	42.3%	48.5%	7.5%	Unchanged
C. (( A	(F) T7	0.0	Average	52.4%	39.1%	8.5%	00 8005
Staff Assistant	1.7	0.9	Median	54.4%	37.7%	8.3%	Unchanged

**Source:** CRS calculations, as of March 31, 2016, for all staff in the positions who were paid on or after October 2, 2000, based on pay information provided in *Statements of Disbursements of the House*, as collated by LegiStorm, available from October 1, 2000.

**Notes:** As used in this report, "trend" is an indication of the general course of median staff tenure in each position over time, based on a linear regression model. The resulting trend line (which is available to congressional staff upon request), could increase, decrease, or remain unchanged. Each position's trend line varies between 2006 and 2016, but the variability demonstrates negligible change for most positions. To distinguish positions with readily measurable changes in their tenure, a benchmark of change in trend is set to an increase or decrease of six months' tenure over the 11 years observed. "Unchanged" in this context is defined as an increase or decrease in the median trend of tenure of fewer than six months between 2006 and 2016.

**Table 2. Administrative Director** 

				iable /	2.Administrative Director							
	St	aff Tenur	e, Yea	rs				% in	Position			
	Staff	Averag	e N	1edian		<	l Yr	1	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs	
2006	55	1.9		1.3		49	.1%		41.8%		9.1%	
2007	52	2.5		2.0		23	.1%		63.5%		13.5%	
2008	50	2.4		2.1		32	.0%		52.0%		16.0%	
2009	54	2.7		2.1		25	.9%		59.3%		14.8%	
2010	48	3.5		3.0		10	.4%		58.3%		31.3%	
2011	51	4.3		3.8		5.	9%		56.9%		37.3%	
2012	32	4.8		5.0		12	.5%		34.4%		53.1%	
2013	36	4.4		4.2		27	.8%		30.6%		41.7%	
2014	31	5.3		5.2		9.	7%		32.3%		58.1%	
2015	34	4.0		2.2		41	.2%	:	20.6%		38.2%	
2016	29	5.2		3.2		13	.8%		41.4%		44.8%	
	Nur	mber of staff	-					Percer	nt of staff			
60 30						'06 '11					WALLANDS.	
						'16			SALES CAMPING			
0	06 '08	'10 '12	'14 '	16		0%	20% <b>■&lt;1</b>	40% Yr <b>1</b>	60% - <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%	
				%	in Positi	on, by Ye	ars of Se	rvice				
	<	I-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+	
2012	12.5%	6.3%	9.4%	18.8%	0.0%	12.5%	9.4%	15.6%	3.1%	9.4%	3.1%	
2013	27.8%	5.6%	2.8%	8.3%	13.9%	0.0%	11.1%	8.3%	13.9%	2.8%	5.6%	
2014	9.7%	22.6%	6.5%	0.0%	3.2%	16.1%	0.0%	9.7%	6.5%	16.1%	9.7%	
2015	41.2%	5.9%	3.8%	5.9%	0.0%	2.9%	8.8%	0.0%	5.9%	2.9%	17.69	
2016	13.8%	27.6%	5.9%	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%	10.3%	0.0%	6.9%	24.19	



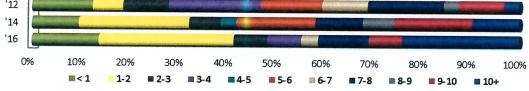


Table 3. Casework Supervisor

	St	aff Tenure	, Years				% in	Position		
	Staff	Average	Median		<	l <b>Y</b> r		I-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	24	2.0	1.3		45	5.8%		54.2%		0.0%
2007	26	1.8	1.3		46	5.2%		42.3%		11.5%
2008	29	1.9	1.2		31	.0%		62.1%		6.9%
2009	20	2.8	2.2		15	5.0%		70.0%		15.0%
2010	16	3.9	3.2		6.	.3%		62.5%		31.3%
2011	24	3.4	3.2		33	3.3%		41.7%		25.0%
2012	24	3.2	1.3		33	.3%		37.5%		29.2%
2013	27	3.0	1.7		37	.0%		37.0%		25.9%
2014	29	3.2	1.5		24	.1%		48.3%		27.6%
2015	32	3.1	2.2		37	.5%		43.8%		18.8%
2016	31	3.4	1.8		22	6%		61.3%		16.1%
	Nui	mber of staff					Percei	nt of staff		
34 - 17 - 0 -	06 '08	'10 '12	14 '16		'06 '11 '16	20% ■<1	40% Yr <b>1</b>	60% I- <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
				% in Positi	ion, by Y	ears of Se	ervice			
	< 1	1-2	2-3 3-4	7	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
2012	33.3%	25.0%	0.0% 4.2%	8.3%	8.3%	4.2%	8.3%	4.2%	0.0%	4.2%
2013	37.0%	18.5%	4.8% 0.0%	3.7%	7.4%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%
2014	24.1%	34.5% 6	.9% 6.9%	0.0%	3.4%	6.9%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	6.9%
	37.5%	9.4% 2.	5.0% 6.3%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	9.4%
2015	37.370		0.070	5.170	0.070	0.070	3.170	3.170	3.176	7. 170

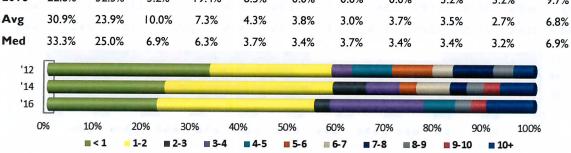


Table 4. Caseworker

	St	taff Tenure,	Years		-		% in	Position		
	Staff	Average	Median		<	l Yr		I-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	487	2.2	1.8		4	2.3%		50.1%		7.6%
2007	505	2.3	2.0		3	3.5%		54.9%		11.7%
2008	526	2.6	2.0		2	7.9%		52.3%		19.8%
2009	577	2.6	2.0		3:	2.9%		48.4%		18.7%
2010	605	3.1	2.4		20	0.0%		55.2%		24.8%
2011	823	3.1	2.2		20	6.4%		50.8%		22.8%
2012	625	3.5	2.4		15	9.4%		52.8%		27.8%
2013	616	3.2	2.2		33	3.4%		39.8%		26.8%
2014	620	3.4	2.0		2.	5.6%		48.2%		26.1%
2015	661	3.2	2.0		3.5	5.7%		42.4%		21.9%
2016	641	3.7	2.2		19	9.9%		53.2%		26.8%
	Nur	mber of staff					Percei	nt of staff		
550 250 '(	06 '08	'10 '12 '14			'06 '11 '16 '0%	20% ■<1		60% L- <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
					tion, by Y	ears of S	ervice			
	< 1	1-2 2-3		4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
2012	19.4%	27.5% 7.8		8.2%	5.6%	4.5%	6.9%	2.4%	4.5%	4.0%
2013	33.4%	10.7% 17.9		6.3%	6.3%	4.2%	3.6%	5.2%	1.6%	5.8%
2014	25.6%	24.2% 7.99		3.7%	5.0%	4.4%	3.4%	3.2%	4.4%	5.8%
2015	35.7%	14.7% 13.6		8.9%	2.3%	3.5%	3.3%	2.6%	2.6%	7.7%
2016		26.4%   12.2		4.6%	7.1%	2.0%	3.1%	3.1%	2.4%	9.1%
Avg		20.7%   11.9		6.3%	5.3%	3.7%	4.1%	3.3%	3.1%	6.5%
Med	25.6%	24.2% 12.2	% 9.3%	6.3%	5.6%	4.2%	3.4%	3.1%	2.6%	5.8%
'12 '14 '16										
0			30% 4 ■ <b>2-3</b> ■ <b>3-4</b>	10% <b>■ 4-5</b>		50%   <b>6-7     7</b>				00%

Table 5. Chief of Staff

	S	taff Tenur	e, Yea	ars				% in	Position	Thirt	
	Staff	Averag	e	Median		<	l Yr	Nedlan	-5 Yrs	A S	5+ Yrs
2006	304	2.5	4	2.5	JA 13	34	.5%	0.1	52.6%		12.8%
2007	339	2.6		2.0		30	.1%		52.8%		17.1%
2008	343	3.2		2.8		18	3.1%		53.9%		28.0%
2009	360	3.2		2.3		24	.4%		48.6%		26.9%
2010	374	3.7		3.1		16	.0%		52.4%		31.6%
2011	481	3.7		2.8		22	.2%		46.8%		31.0%
2012	381	4.3		3.2		11	.8%		51.2%		37.0%
2013	399	4.1		3.0		26	.3%		39.1%		34.6%
2014	402	4.4		3.2		16	.2%		46.0%		37.8%
2015	428	4.3		2.7		25	.0%		42.5%		32.5%
2016	414	4.6		3.2		13	.4%		50.9%		35.7%
	Nu	mber of staf	Ŧ					Percei	nt of staff		
500 -						'06					
300 -						'11					
100 -						'16					
'(	06 '08	'10 '12	'14	'16		0%	20% ■ < <b>1</b>	40% Yr <b>1</b>	60% - <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
				%	in Position	on, by Ye	ears of S	ervice			
	<	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	· 10+
012	11.8%	22.3%	8.7%	13.1%	7.1%	7.6%	6.0%	5.5%	3.1%	4.7%	10.09
013	26.3%		16.3%	5.0%	10.3%	6.0%	6.0%	5.3%	3.3%	2.5%	11.5%
014	16.2%	22.1%	6.7%	13.4%	3.7%	8.2%	5.5%	4.0%	5.0%	2.5%	12.79
015	25.0%	9.3%	17.1%	5.8%	10.3%	2.1%	6.8%	4.4%	3.3%	3.7%	12.19
	13.4%	22.3%	8.2%	15.1%	5.2%	9.2%	2.0%	6.7%	4.0%	3.0%	10.9%
016					7.3%	6.6%	5.3%	5.2%	3.7%	3.3%	11.5%
016 .vg	18.5%	16.7%	11.4%	10.5%	7.570						
			1 1.4% 8.7%	13.1%	7.1%	7.6%	6.0%	5.3%	3.3%	3.0%	11.5%
vg led	18.5%					7.6%	6.0%	5.3%	3.3%	3.0%	11.5%
vg	18.5%					7.6%	6.0%	5.3%	3.3%	3.0%	11.5%

**Table 6. Communications Director** 

	S	taff Tenure	e, Years		_		% in	Position		
	Staff	Average	e <b>M</b> edian		<	l Yr	1	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	148	1.7	1.0		53	3.4%		41.9%		4.7%
2007	168	1.7	1.3		42	2.9%		52.4%		4.8%
2008	167	1.9	1.2		34	1.7%		57.5%		7.8%
2009	199	1.9	1.1		47	7.2%		41.7%		11.1%
2010	227	2.1	1.2		34	1.4%		52.4%		13.2%
2011	336	2.2	1.6		32	2.4%		56.8%		10.7%
2012	244	2.2	1.3		34	1.4%		53.3%		12.3%
2013	282	2.0	1.2		45	.4%	!	46.1%		8.5%
2014	273	2.2	1.3		29	.7%		57.5%		12.8%
2015	292	2.1	1.3		42	8%		45.5%		11.6%
2016	265	2.3	1.3		31	.8%		59.1%		9.1%
	Nu	mber of staff	•				Percer	nt of staff		
350 - 175 -					'06 '11 '16					
0 -					0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
,	06 '08	'10 '12	'14 '16			<b>≡</b> <1		-5 Yrs	5+ Yrs	100/0
			%	6 in Positi	on, by Ye	ears of S	ervice			
	<	1-2	2-3 3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10-
2012	34.4%	27.0% I	1.9% 10.7%	3.7%	4.1%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.6%	0.49
2013	45.4%	17.4% I	3.8% 7.4%	7.4%	1.8%	3.2%	1.1%	1.1%	0.7%	0.79
2014	29.7%	31.9%	3.2% 7.7%	4.8%	5.9%	1.5%	2.2%	1.1%	1.1%	1.19
2015	42.8%	17.1% 1	9.9% 4.8%	3.8%	3.1%	3.4%	0.7%	1.4%	1.0%	2.19
2016	31.8%	28.4% I	2.1% 14.8%	3.8%	1.9%	0.8%	3.0%	0.4%	0.8%	2.3%
Avg	36.8%	24.4%	4.2% 9.1%	4.7%	3.3%	2.2%	1.8%	1.2%	1.0%	1.3%
Med	34.4%	27.0%	3.2% 7.7%	3.8%	3.1%	2.0%	2.0%	1.1%	1.0%	1.1%
'12				The same of the sa						
'12 '14 '16										

Table 7. Counsel

	Staff Tenure, Years  Staff Average Median							% in		10. 537	
	Staff	Average	e M	Median		<	l <b>Y</b> r	nobsM)	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	51	1.7	1.10	1.0	13.40	54	.9%		37.3%		7.8%
2007	65	1.3		8.0		60	.0%		33.8%		6.2%
2008	58	1.9		1.2		34	.5%		56.9%		8.6%
2009	66	1.8		1.4		47	.0%		45.5%		7.6%
2010	74	1.9		1.1		44	.6%		48.6%		6.8%
2011	102	2.2		1.8		26	.5%		66.7%		6.9%
2012	74	2.2		1.2		37	.8%		51.4%		10.8%
2013	65	2.0		1.1		46	.2%		44.6%		9.2%
2014	72	1.9		1.4		40	.3%		52.8%		6.9%
2015	74	1.9		1.0		50	.0%		43.2%		6.8%
2016	82	1.8		1.0		51	.9%		40.7%		7.4%
		nber of staff						Percer	t of staff		
	Nui	liber of staff									
120 —	Nui		- 100 -107 -100 -100 -100 -100 -			'06			_		
120 —	Nui	nber of staff		11.		'06 '11					
	Nui	Ther of staff	. And all the day also also			'11 '16					
60 <u> </u>	Nui 06 '08	'10 '12	. 604 dil del del del del	116		'11	20% ■ < 1	40% Yr <b>1</b>	60%	80% <b>5+ Yrs</b>	100%
60 <u> </u>	100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		. 604 dil 200 dia 400 di	11 1 1	in Positi	'11 '16	■<1	Yr <b>■1</b>	60% -5 Yrs	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
60 J	100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		. 604 dil 200 dia 400 di	11 1 1	in Positi 4-5	'11 '16 0% on, by Ye	■<1	Yr <b>■1</b>	-5 Yrs		100%
60 0 0	06 '08	'10 '12	'14 2-3	% 3-4	4-5	'11 '16 0% on, by Ye	■<1 ears of S	Yr 1 ervice 7-8	-5 Yrs 8-9	9-10	10+
60 - 0 '0	06 '08 < I 37.8%	'10 '12 I-2 25.7%	'14 <b>2-3</b> 9.5%	% <b>3-4</b> 12.2%	<b>4-5</b> 4.1%	'11 '16 0% on, by Ye 5-6 6.8%	<ul><li>&lt; 1</li><li>ears of S</li><li>6-7</li><li>1.4%</li></ul>	Yr 11ervice 7-8	8-9 0.0%	9-10 0.0%	1 <b>0+</b>
60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<ul><li>1</li><li>37.8%</li><li>46.2%</li></ul>	1-2 25.7%	'14 2-3 9.5% 16.9%	% 3-4 12.2% 3.1%	<b>4-5</b> 4.1% 7.7%	'11 '16 0%  on, by Ye  5-6  6.8%  1.5%	ears of So 6-7 1.4% 3.1%	Yr 1 ervice 7-8 1.4%	8-9 0.0% 1.5%	9-10 0.0% 0.0%	1 <b>0+</b> 1.4% 1.5%
60 <u> </u>	<ul><li>1</li><li>37.8%</li><li>46.2%</li><li>40.3%</li></ul>	1-2 25.7% 16.9%   27.8%	'14 2-3 9.5% 16.9%	% 3-4 12.2% 3.1% 12.5%	4-5 4.1% 7.7% 1.4%	'11 '16 0%  on, by Ye  5-6  6.8%  1.5%  2.8%	ears of S 6-7 1.4% 3.1% 0.0%	Yr •1 ervice 7-8 1.4% 1.5% 0.0%	8-9 0.0% 1.5% 1.4%	9-10 0.0% 0.0% 1.4%	1.4% 1.4%
60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<ul><li>1</li><li>37.8%</li><li>46.2%</li></ul>	1-2 25.7% 16.9%   27.8%   20.3%	'14 2-3 9.5% 16.9%	% 3-4 12.2% 3.1%	<b>4-5</b> 4.1% 7.7%	'11 '16 0%  on, by Ye  5-6  6.8%  1.5%	ears of So 6-7 1.4% 3.1%	Yr 1 ervice 7-8 1.4% 1.5% 0.0%	8-9 0.0% 1.5% 1.4% 0.0%	9-10 0.0% 0.0% 1.4%	10+ 1.4% 1.5% 1.4% 2.7%
60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	< I 37.8% 46.2% 40.3% 50.0%	1-2 25.7% 16.9% 1 27.8% 1 20.3% 1 23.5% 1	2-3 9.5% 16.9% 11.1%	% 3-4 12.2% 3.1% 12.5% 4.1%	4-5 4.1% 7.7% 1.4% 8.1%	on, by Ye  5-6  6.8%  1.5%  2.8%  1.4%	6-7 1.4% 3.1% 0.0% 1.4%	Yr •1 ervice 7-8 1.4% 1.5% 0.0%	8-9 0.0% 1.5% 1.4%	9-10 0.0% 0.0% 1.4%	1.4% 1.4%

**=<1** 

1-2

**■ 2-3** 

■ 3-4

**4**-5

■ 9-10

**10+** 

**Table 8. District Director** 

	Staff Tenure, Years						% in	% in Position		
	Staff	Average	Median		<	l Yr		I-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	227	2.3	1.8		38	3.8%		49.3%		11.9%
2007	252	2.3	2.0		33	3.7%		53.6%		12.7%
2008	253	2.7	2.1		21	1.3%		58.1%	20.6%	
2009	270	2.8	2.2		30	).7%	49.6%			19.6%
2010	271	3.3	2.7	16.2		5.2%	56.1%			27.7%
2011	376	3.2	2.2		27.9%			48.4%		23.7%
2012	293	3.6	2.5		17	7.7%		51.9%		30.4%
2013	316	3.1	2.2		38	3.6%		36.4%		25.0%
2014	313	3.4	1.9		21	.4%		52.7%		25.9%
2015	318	3.2	2.2		31	.4%		48.4%		20.1%
2016	296	3.7	2.6		16	.1%		57.9%		26.0%
	Nui	mber of staff					Perce	nt of staff		
400 —					'06 📮					MANAGERICA.
200 - 0 '0	06 '08	'10 '12 '1			'11 '16	20% ■ < 1		60% L- <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
200 ]	06 '08	'10 '12 '1		in Positi	'11 '16	■<1	Yr 🔳 1			100%
0 1	<	I-2 2·	% 3 3-4	in Positi 4-5	'11 '16 0% ion, by Ye	■<1	Yr 🔳 1			
200 '0	< I	1-2 2- 28.3% 6.5	% 3 3-4 6% 10.2%	<b>4-5</b> 6.8%	'11 '16 0% ion, by Ye 5-6 8.5%	ears of Se 6-7 3.8%	Yr 1	l-5 Yrs	5+ Yrs	10+
200 '0 '0	< I 17.7% 38.6%	1-2 2. 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17.	% 3 3-4 5% 10.2% 7% 3.5%	<b>4-5</b> 6.8% 6.6%	'11 '16 0%  ion, by Ye  5-6  8.5%  5.7%	ears of So 6-7 3.8% 5.1%	Yr 11 ervice 7-8 6.5% 2.2%	8-9 2.7% 3.8%	9-10 3.4% 1.6%	1 <b>0</b> -1 5.5% 6.6%
200 '0 '0 '2012 2013 2014	< I 17.7% 38.6% 21.4%	1-2 2. 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17. 28.8% 7.3	% 3 3-4 5% 10.2% 7% 3.5% 8% 14.1%	<b>4-5</b> 6.8% 6.6% 2.6%	11 16 0% 160n, by Ye 5-6 8.5% 5.7% 5.8%	ears of S 6-7 3.8% 5.1% 3.8%	Yr 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	8-9 2.7% 3.8% 1.9%	9-10 3.4% 1.6% 3.5%	10+ 5.5% 6.6% 6.1%
200 do 10 do	< I 17.7% 38.6% 21.4% 31.4%	1-2 2. 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17. 28.8% 7.3 14.2% 18.	% 3 3-4 5% 10.2% 7% 3.5% 14.1% 9% 5.7%	4-5 6.8% 6.6% 2.6% 9.7%	'11 '16 0%  ion, by Ye  5-6  8.5%  5.7%  5.8%  1.3%	ears of So 6-7 3.8% 5.1% 3.8% 4.4%	Yr 12 ervice 7-8 6.5% 2.2% 4.8% 2.8%	8-9 2.7% 3.8%	9-10 3.4% 1.6%	10+ 5.5% 6.6% 6.1% 7.5%
200 do '0 '0 '2 '2012 2013 2014 22015 2016	< I 17.7% 38.6% 21.4% 31.4% 16.1%	1-2 2- 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17. 28.8% 7.3 14.2% 18. 26.7% 11.	% 3 3-4 5% 10.2% 7% 3.5% 14.1% 9% 5.7% 15.1%	4-5 6.8% 6.6% 2.6% 9.7% 4.5%	111 16 0% 15-6 8.5% 5.7% 5.8% 1.3% 8.6%	**************************************	Yr 12 ervice 7-8 6.5% 2.2% 4.8% 2.8% 3.8%	8-9 2.7% 3.8% 1.9%	9-10 3.4% 1.6% 3.5%	10+ 5.59 6.69 6.19 7.5% 6.8%
2000 - 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	< I 17.7% 38.6% 21.4% 31.4% 16.1% 25.1%	1-2 2. 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17. 28.8% 7.3 14.2% 18. 26.7% 11 21.3% 12	% 3 3-4 6% 10.2% 7% 3.5% 14.1% 9% 5.7% 6% 15.1% 4% 9.7%	4-5 6.8% 6.6% 2.6% 9.7% 4.5% 6.0%	11 0%  100, by Ye  5-6  8.5%  5.7%  5.8%  1.3%  8.6%  6.0%	**************************************	Yr 12 ervice 7-8 6.5% 2.2% 4.8% 2.8% 3.8% 4.0%	8-9 2.7% 3.8% 1.9% 3.1% 2.4% 2.8%	9-10 3.4% 1.6% 3.5% 0.9% 3.1% 2.5%	10+ 5.5% 6.6% 6.1% 7.5% 6.8% 6.5%
2000 o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	< I 17.7% 38.6% 21.4% 31.4% 16.1% 25.1%	1-2 2- 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17. 28.8% 7.3 14.2% 18. 26.7% 11.	% 3 3-4 6% 10.2% 7% 3.5% 14.1% 9% 5.7% 6% 15.1% 4% 9.7%	4-5 6.8% 6.6% 2.6% 9.7% 4.5%	111 16 0% 15-6 8.5% 5.7% 5.8% 1.3% 8.6%	**************************************	Yr 12 ervice 7-8 6.5% 2.2% 4.8% 2.8% 3.8%	8-9 2.7% 3.8% 1.9% 3.1% 2.4%	9-10 3.4% 1.6% 3.5% 0.9% 3.1%	10+ 5.5% 6.6% 6.1% 7.5% 6.8%
2000 - 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	< I 17.7% 38.6% 21.4% 31.4% 16.1% 25.1%	1-2 2. 28.3% 6.5 8.5% 17. 28.8% 7.3 14.2% 18. 26.7% 11 21.3% 12	% 3 3-4 6% 10.2% 7% 3.5% 14.1% 9% 5.7% 6% 15.1% 4% 9.7%	4-5 6.8% 6.6% 2.6% 9.7% 4.5% 6.0%	11 0%  100, by Ye  5-6  8.5%  5.7%  5.8%  1.3%  8.6%  6.0%	**************************************	Yr 12 ervice 7-8 6.5% 2.2% 4.8% 2.8% 3.8% 4.0%	8-9 2.7% 3.8% 1.9% 3.1% 2.4% 2.8%	9-10 3.4% 1.6% 3.5% 0.9% 3.1% 2.5%	10+ 5.5% 6.6% 6.1% 7.5% 6.8% 6.5%

**1** 

1-2

■ 3-4

**9-10** 

**10+** 

Table 9. Executive Assistant

	S	taff Tenure,	Years				% in	Position		
	Staff	Average	Median		<	Yr,		I-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	144	2.2	1.9		38	.9%		52.8%		8.3%
2007	141	2.2	1.6		42	6%		43.3%		14.2%
2008	139	2.4	1.3		33	.1%		48.9%		18.0%
2009	122	2.8	1.9		25	.4%		51.6%		23.0%
2010	130	2.9	2.2		30	.0%		48.5%		21.5%
2011	180	2.9	2.0		27	.8%		52.2%		20.0%
2012	107	3.5	2.2		21	.5%		54.2%		24.3%
2013	82	3.1	2.1		36	.6%		39.0%		24.4%
2014	87	3.2	1.3		32	.2%		44.8%		23.0%
2015	80	2.6	1.3		43	.8%		42.5%		13.8%
2016	82	2.8	1.2		34	.1%		46.3%		19.5%
	Nu	mber of staff					Perce	nt of staff		
200 -			10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (		'06					
100 -					'11 '16					
	06 '08	'10 '12 '1	14 '16		0%	20% ■ < 1	40% Yr <b>1</b>	60% L-5 Yrs	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
			%	in Positi	on, by Ye	ars of S	ervice			
	<	1-2 2	-3 3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
2012	21.5%	27.1% 7.	5% 11.2%	8.4%	3.7%	3.7%	1.9%	4.7%	3.7%	6.5%
2013	36.6%	12.2% 17	.1% 3.7%	6.1%	6.1%	3.7%	2.4%	2.4%	3.7%	6.1%
2014	32.2%	24.1% 5.	7% 11.5%	3.4%	4.6%	3.4%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	8.0%
2015	43.8%	12.5% 16.	.3% 2.5%	11.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	2.5%	1.3%	6.3%
2016	34.1%	23.2% 9.8	8% 11.0%	2.4%	8.5%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	6.1%
Avg	33.6%	19.8% 11.	.3% 8.0%	6.3%	4.8%	2.7%	1.8%	2.6%	2.4%	6.6%
Med	34.1%	23.2% 9.8	3% 11.0%	6.1%	4.6%	3.4%	1.9%	2.4%	2.3%	6.3%

**■ 5-6** 

50%

4-5

60%

**■ 6-7** 

70%

■ 7-8

80%

**■8-9** 

90%

**10**+

■ 9-10

100%

10%

**■**<1

20%

1-2

30%

■ 3-4

■ 2-3

'12 '14 '16

Table 10. Field Representative

	St	aff Tenure, \	lears				% in	Position	1	
	Staff	Average	Median		<	Yr	ı	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	227	1.9	1.3		48.	0%		48.5%		3.5%
2007	230	2.0	1.3		44.	8%		46.1%		9.1%
2008	236	2.3	1.3		34.	3%		50.4%		15.3%
2009	237	2.5	1.8		36.	7%		43.0%		20.3%
2010	265	2.7	1.8		29.	1%		51.3%		19.6%
2011	393	2.6	1.9		32.3	3%		53.2%		14.5%
2012	255	2.8	1.4		20.4	1%	1	62.0%		17.6%
2013	273	2.3	1.3		46.9	9%		41.4%		11.7%
2014	274	2.5	1.2		30.7	7%	Į	52.9%		16.4%
2015	289	2.3	1.3		43.9	9%	4	43.3%		12.8%
2016	303	2.6	1.4		33.9	9%	4	19.8%		16.3%
	Num	ber of staff					Percen	t of staff		
200 -	6 '08 '	10 '12 '14	'16		'06 '11 '16	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
						■<1Yr	<b>1</b> -	5 Yrs	5+ Yrs	
-			%	in Positio	n, by Yea	rs of Serv	/ice			
	< I	1-2 2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7 Q	0 0	0.10	10

				%	in Positi	on, by Y	ears of S	ervice			
	<	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
2012	20.4%	34.1%	8.2%	13.7%	5.9%	6.3%	1.2%	2.0%	1.2%	3.9%	3.1%
2013	46.9%	9.9%	16.5%	5.1%	9.9%	2.6%	1.8%	0.7%	1.5%	1.1%	4.0%
2014	30.7%	31.4%	6.9%	11.3%	3.3%	6.9%	2.6%	0.7%	0.7%	1.5%	4.0%
2015	43.9%	16.6%	13.1%	5.2%	8.3%	2.4%	4.5%	1.7%	0.3%	0.0%	3.8%
2016	33.9%	26.9%	11.3%	8.3%	3.3%	7.0%	1.7%	3.0%	1.7%	0.0%	3.0%
Avg	35.2%	23.8%	11.2%	8.7%	6.1%	5.0%	2.3%	1.6%	1.1%	1.3%	3.6%
Med	33.9%	26.9%	11.3%	8.3%	5.9%	6.3%	1.8%	1.7%	1.2%	1.1%	3.8%
'12		20.770	11.570	0.576	J.776	0.5%	1.0%	1.7%	1.2%	1.1%	3
114		-									

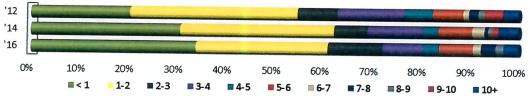


Table 11. Legislative Assistant

741 732	1.6	21.11	Median 1.2	NY III		l <b>Yr</b> 9.5%	ealbaM	1-5 Yrs 48.3%	eA fo	5+ Yrs 2.2%
732				37	49	9.5%	1.0	48 3%		2.2%
	1.6							10.576		2.2/0
			1.2		45	.8%		49.9%		4.4%
745	1.7		1.2		41	.1%		53.3%		5.6%
737	1.8		1.4		39	.2%		54.8%		6.0%
741	1.9		1.2		36	.3%		57.8%		5.9%
1103	2.0		1.7		32	7%		60.8%		6.4%
680	1.8		1.2		35	.4%		60.0%		4.6%
629	1.7		1.3		41	.7%		53.1%		5.2%
619	1.9		1.2		35	.9%		58.3%		5.8%
636	1.5		1.0		49	.7%		45.6%		4.7%
604	1.6		1.2		43	.8%		51.6%		4.6%
Nur	nber of st	aff					Perce	nt of staff		
		with bole total wide wide bole and o	the sec will see not up also see		'06					
		who also day also also also a	100 de 100 de 100 de 100 de		'11					
					'16					
5 '08	'10 '12	2 '14	'16		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
			0	/ in Positi	on by V			1-5 115	- JT 118	
		2.2								
										10+
										0.3%
										0.3%
										0.8%
										0.6%
							0.7%			0.3%
					2.0%		0.7%	0.6%		0.5%
1.7%	29.9%	13.9%	7.9%	4.1%	2.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%
							All and the last			
3	741 1103 680 629 619 636 604 Nur  15.4% 1.7% 5.9% 9.7% 3.8% 1.3%	741 1.9 1103 2.0 680 1.8 629 1.7 619 1.9 636 1.5 604 1.6 Number of sta  < I I-2 5.4% 35.6% 1.7% 23.7% 5.9% 29.9% 9.7% 19.8% 3.8% 32.3% 1.3% 28.3%	741 1.9 1103 2.0 680 1.8 629 1.7 619 1.9 636 1.5 604 1.6 Number of staff   < I I-2 2-3 5.4% 35.6% 11.9% 1.7% 23.7% 18.8% 5.9% 29.9% 13.9% 9.7% 19.8% 17.3% 3.8% 32.3% 8.6% 1.3% 28.3% 14.1%	741 1.9 1.2 1103 2.0 1.7 680 1.8 1.2 629 1.7 1.3 619 1.9 1.2 636 1.5 1.0 604 1.6 1.2  Number of staff   < 1 1-2 2-3 3-4 5.4% 35.6% 11.9% 7.9% 1.7% 23.7% 18.8% 6.7% 5.9% 29.9% 13.9% 9.7% 9.7% 19.8% 17.3% 4.4% 3.8% 32.3% 8.6% 8.6% 1.3% 28.3% 14.1% 7.5%	741	741 1.9 1.2 36 1103 2.0 1.7 32 680 1.8 1.2 35 629 1.7 1.3 41 619 1.9 1.2 35 636 1.5 1.0 49 604 1.6 1.2 43  Number of staff   **Sin Position, by Yes  *	74  1.9   1.2   36.3%   1103   2.0   1.7   32.7%   680   1.8   1.2   35.4%   629   1.7   1.3   41.7%   619   1.9   1.2   35.9%   636   1.5   1.0   49.7%   604   1.6   1.2   43.8%   Number of staff	741 1.9 1.2 36.3%  1103 2.0 1.7 32.7%  680 1.8 1.2 35.4%  629 1.7 1.3 41.7%  619 1.9 1.2 35.9%  636 1.5 1.0 49.7%  604 1.6 1.2 43.8%  Number of staff Perce  **Sin Position, by Years of Service**  **I 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 7-8  5.4% 35.6% 11.9% 7.9% 4.6% 1.3% 0.7% 0.7%  1.7% 23.7% 18.8% 6.7% 4.0% 2.9% 0.6% 0.3%  5.9% 29.9% 13.9% 9.7% 4.8% 2.1% 1.6% 0.6%  9.7% 19.8% 17.3% 4.4% 4.1% 1.7% 0.9% 0.9%  3.8% 32.3% 8.6% 8.6% 2.0% 2.0% 0.7% 0.7%  1.3% 28.3% 14.1% 7.5% 3.9% 2.0% 0.9% 0.7%	741 1.9 1.2 36.3% 57.8% 1103 2.0 1.7 32.7% 60.8% 680 1.8 1.2 35.4% 60.0% 629 1.7 1.3 41.7% 53.1% 619 1.9 1.2 35.9% 58.3% 636 1.5 1.0 49.7% 45.6% 604 1.6 1.2 43.8% 51.6% Percent of staff  Number of staff  **Sin Position, by Years of Service**  **Sin Pos	1.9

■<1 ■1-2 ■2-3 ■3-4 ■4-5 ■5-6 ■6-7 ■7-8 ■8-9 ■9-10 ■10+

Table 12. Legislative Correspondent

	St	taff Tenure	e, Years	_			% in	Position		
	Staff	Average	e <b>Media</b> n		<	l <b>Y</b> r		I-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	314	1.0	0.8		72	2.9%		27.1%		0.0%
2007	322	1.1	0.7		6	.5%		37.9%		0.6%
2008	324	1.0	0.7		63	3.6%		36.1%		0.3%
2009	324	1.1	0.9		54	1.0%		44.8%		1.2%
2010	330	1.2	0.9		54	1.8%		43.3%		1.8%
2011	541	1.5	1.4		38	3.8%		59.3%		1.8%
2012	302	1.1	0.8		58	3.6%		38.4%		3.0%
2013	289	1.1	0.7		66	.4%		30.4%		3.1%
2014	283	1.1	8.0		59	.4%		38.5%		2.1%
2015	309	1.0	0.5		70	.2%		27.5%		2.3%
2016	274	1.0	0.8		65	.3%		33.6%		1.1%
	Nui	mber of staff	,				Perce	nt of staff		
550			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		'06					
300 -					'11					
50					'16	2004	4004	5004	0004	1000
'0	6 '08	'10 '12	'14 '16		0%	20% <b>■ &lt; 1</b>	40% Yr <b>=</b> 1	60% L- <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
				% in Posit	ion, by Y	ears of S	ervice			
,	<	1-2	2-3 3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
012	58.6%	30.1%	5.3% 0.7%	1.3%	0.7%	1.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
2013	66.4%	19.7% 8	3.3% 1.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.3%	1.0%	0.7%	0.3%	0.0%
014	59.4%	28.6%	3.2%	0.7%	0.4%	0.0%	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%
015	70.2%	16.2%	3.7% 1.6%	1.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.0%	0.3%	0.6%	0.3%
016	65.3%	24.5% 5	5.5% 2.6%	1.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%
lvg	64.0%	23.8% 7	7.0% 1.9%	1.0%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.2%
	65.3%	24.5% 6	.3% 1.7%	1.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%
1ed										
ſ		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Persons of						
'12 '14										

Table 13. Legislative Director

	St	aff Tenure, Y	ears				% in	Position	I Tate	
	Staff	Average	Median		<	<b>Y</b> r	Authori	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	274	2.0	1.7	27.16	44	.5%	6.1	48.2%		7.3%
2007	293	1.8	1.3		44	.4%		49.1%		6.5%
2008	298	2.0	1.2		30	.5%		58.7%		10.7%
2009	304	2.2	1.9		31	.3%		57.2%		11.5%
2010	318	2.4	1.9		28	.0%		60.4%		11.6%
2011	449	2.5	2.1		29	.2%		59.0%		11.8%
2012	324	2.4	1.3		28	.7%		55.6%		15.7%
2013	341	2.4	1.7		36	.1%		48.7%		15.2%
2014	319	2.6	1.7		25	.4%		58.9%		15.7%
2015	329	2.2	1.5		40	.7%		48.9%		10.3%
2016	307	2.3	1.3		30	.9%		57.0%		12.1%
	Nur	nber of staff					Percei	nt of staff		
500 - 300 - 100 -					'06 '11 '16					
	06 '08	'10 '12 '14	'16		0%	20% <b>■ &lt; 1</b>		60% -5 Yrs	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
					on, by Ye		ervice			
	<	I-2 2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
012										
	28.7%	30.2%	% 7.7%	6.2%	6.8%	2.8%	1.2%	2.2%	2.5%	0.3%
013	28.7% 36.1%	30.2%     1.4°   18.2%     19.1°		6.2% 4.4%	6.8% 4.1%	2.8% 4.1%	1.2% 2.3%	2.2% 1.2%	2.5% 1.5%	0.3%
013 014	36.1%		% 7.0%							
013 014	36.1%	18.2% 19.19	7.0% 14.4%	4.4%	4.1%	4.1%	2.3%	1.2%	1.5%	2.1%
012 013 014 015 016	36.1% 25.4% 40.7%	18.2% 19.15 29.2% 11.95	7.0% 7.0% 14.4% 7.6%	4.4% 3.4%	4.1% 3.4%	4.1% 3.1%	2.3% 3.4%	1.2% 2.2%	1.5% 0.6%	2.1% 2.8%
013 014 015 016	36.1% 25.4% 40.7% 30.9%	18.2% 19.15 29.2% 11.95 15.8% 17.35	7.0% 14.4% 7.6% 10.7%	4.4% 3.4% 8.2%	4.1% 3.4% 2.1%	4.1% 3.1% 2.7%	2.3% 3.4% 1.2%	1.2% 2.2% 2.1%	0.6% 0.6%	2.1% 2.8% 1.5%
013 014 015 016 vg	36.1% 25.4% 40.7% 30.9% 32.4%	18.2% 19.19 29.2% 11.99 15.8% 17.39 30.9% 11.19	7.0% 14.4% 7.6% 10.7% 9.5%	4.4% 3.4% 8.2% 4.2%	4.1% 3.4% 2.1% 5.5%	4.1% 3.1% 2.7% 1.0%	2.3% 3.4% 1.2% 1.3%	1.2% 2.2% 2.1% 1.0%	1.5% 0.6% 0.6% 2.0%	2.1% 2.8% 1.5% 1.3%
013 014 015 016	36.1% 25.4% 40.7% 30.9% 32.4%	18.2% 19.19 29.2% 11.99 15.8% 17.39 30.9% 11.19 24.9% 14.29	7.0% 14.4% 7.6% 10.7% 9.5%	4.4% 3.4% 8.2% 4.2% 5.3%	4.1% 3.4% 2.1% 5.5% 4.4%	4.1% 3.1% 2.7% 1.0% 2.7%	2.3% 3.4% 1.2% 1.3% 1.9%	1.2% 2.2% 2.1% 1.0% 1.7%	1.5% 0.6% 0.6% 2.0% 1.4%	2.1% 2.8% 1.5% 1.3%
013 014 015 016 avg	36.1% 25.4% 40.7% 30.9% 32.4%	18.2% 19.19 29.2% 11.99 15.8% 17.39 30.9% 11.19 24.9% 14.29	7.0% 14.4% 7.6% 10.7% 9.5%	4.4% 3.4% 8.2% 4.2% 5.3%	4.1% 3.4% 2.1% 5.5% 4.4%	4.1% 3.1% 2.7% 1.0% 2.7%	2.3% 3.4% 1.2% 1.3% 1.9%	1.2% 2.2% 2.1% 1.0% 1.7%	1.5% 0.6% 0.6% 2.0% 1.4%	2.1% 2.8% 1.5% 1.3%

Table 14. Office Manager

	St	aff Tenur	e, Years					% in F	Position		
	Staff	Averag	e Med	lian		<	Yr	1	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	87	2.0	١.	3		43	.7%	Į	51.7%		4.6%
2007	93	2.2	2.	0		36	.6%	į	52.7%		10.8%
2008	85	2.8	2.	3		23	.5%	4	18.2%		28.2%
009	79	3.0	2.	2		30	.4%	4	43.0%		26.6%
010	76	3.4	2.	6		19	.7%	ī	50.0%		30.3%
110	115	3.0	2.	2		33	.9%	4	14.3%		21.7%
012	68	3.4	1.	В		16	.2%	5	54.4%		29.4%
013	58	3.4	2.	2		31	.0%	4	11.4%		27.6%
014	65	3.4	2.	0		32	.3%	4	11.5%		26.2%
015	60	3.5	2.	2		21.	.7%	5	6.7%		21.7%
016	61	3.7	2.8	3		24.	.6%	4	15.9%		29.5%
	Nui	mber of staff	F					Percen	t of staff		
0 -	06 '08	'10 '12	'14 '16	% i	n Positi	'11 '16 0% on, by Ye	20% ■<1		60% •5 Yrs	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
	<	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
012	16.2%	35.3%	7.4%	8.8%	2.9%	7.4%	1.5%	7.4%	0.0%	10.3%	2.9%
13	31.0%	5.2%	25.9%	3.4%	6.9%	3.4%	6.9%	1.7%	6.9%	0.0%	8.6%
14	32.3%	16.9%	4.6% I	6.9%	3.1%	6.2%	3.1%	3.1%	1.5%	4.6%	7.7%
15	21.7%	23.3%	13.3%	3.3%	16.7%	3.3%	5.0%	0.0%	3.3%	1.7%	8.3%
016	24.6%	13.1%	18.0% I	1.5%	3.3%	13.1%	1.6%	1.6%	0.0%	3.3%	9.8%
vg	25.2%	18.8%	3.8%	3.8%	6.6%	6.7%	3.6%	2.8%	2.4%	4.0%	7.5%
	24.6%	16.9%	3.3%	3.8%	3.3%	6.2%	3.1%	1.7%	1.5%	3.3%	8.3%
ed											
<b>ed</b> '12							-	District Control of	and district	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	

Table 15. Press Secretary

	St	aff Tenure, Y	ears				% in	Position	That	
	Staff	Average	Median		<	Yr		I-5 Yrs	- 10	5+ Yrs
2006	175	1.8	1.3	23.22	49.	1%	0.7	46.3%	D	4.6%
2007	156	1.9	1.2		41.	0%		51.9%		7.1%
2008	152	2.0	1.2		42.	1%		46.1%		11.8%
2009	147	2.1	1.3		39.	5%		47.6%		12.9%
010	155	2.2	1.2		42.	6%		44.5%		12.9%
110	231	2.2	1.5		32.	9%		55.8%		11.3%
012	125	2.1	1.2		34.	4%		56.0%		9.6%
013	121	1.7	0.9		55.4	4%		38.0%		6.6%
014	120	1.5	1.1		46.	7%		50.0%		3.3%
015	120	1.5	1.0		51.3	7%		44.2%		4.2%
016	Ш	1.8	1.2		45.5	5%		50.0%		4.5%
	Nun	nber of staff					Perce	nt of staff		
50 -	'06 '08	'10 '12 '14	'16		'16 ( <b></b> 0%	20% ■ < <b>1</b>	40% Yr <b>1</b> 2	60% L- <b>5 Yrs</b>	80% 5+ Yrs	100%
			%	in Position	on, by Ye	ars of Se	ervice			
	<	I-2 2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
112	34.4%	20.40/ 14.0	0/ / 40/	4.09/	1.49/	2.4%	0.0%	0.8%	2.49/	
012	0 11 170	29.6% 16.0	% 6.4%	4.0%	1.6%	2.170	0.076	0.0/6	2.4%	2.4%
		12.4% 14.0		3.3%	2.5%	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4% 2.5%
013	55.4%		% 8.3%							2.4% 2.5% 0.8%
013 014	55.4% 46.7%	12.4% 14.0	% 8.3% 6.7%	3.3%	2.5%	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
013 014 015	55.4% 46.7% 51.7%	12.4% 14.0 34.2% 5.8%	% 8.3% 6.7% 4.2%	3.3% 3.3%	2.5% 1.7%	0.8%	0.8% 0.8%	0.0% 0.0%	0.0% 0.0%	2.5% 0.8%
013 014 015 016	55.4% 46.7% 51.7% 45.5%	12.4% 14.0 34.2% 5.8% 22.5% 14.2°	<ul><li>8.3%</li><li>6.7%</li><li>4.2%</li><li>7.3%</li></ul>	3.3% 3.3% 3.3%	2.5% 1.7% 0.8%	0.8% 0.0% 1.7%	0.8% 0.8% 0.0%	0.0% 0.0% 0.8%	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	2.5% 0.8% 0.8%
013 014 015 016 vg	55.4% 46.7% 51.7% 45.5% 46.7%	12.4% 14.0 34.2% 5.8% 22.5% 14.2° 24.5% 14.5°	8.3% 6.7% 4.2% 7.3% 6.6%	3.3% 3.3% 3.3% 3.6%	2.5% 1.7% 0.8% 1.8%	0.8% 0.0% 1.7% 0.0%	0.8% 0.8% 0.0% 1.8%	0.0% 0.0% 0.8% 0.0%	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9%	2.5% 0.8% 0.8% 0.0%
013 014 015 016 vg	55.4% 46.7% 51.7% 45.5% 46.7%	12.4% 14.0 34.2% 5.8% 22.5% 14.2' 24.5% 14.5' 24.6% 12.9	8.3% 6.7% 4.2% 7.3% 6.6%	3.3% 3.3% 3.3% 3.6% 3.5%	2.5% 1.7% 0.8% 1.8% 1.7%	0.8% 0.0% 1.7% 0.0%	0.8% 0.8% 0.0% 1.8% 0.7%	0.0% 0.0% 0.8% 0.0% 0.3%	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% 0.7%	2.5% 0.8% 0.8% 0.0%
012 013 014 015 016 avg led '12 '14 '16	55.4% 46.7% 51.7% 45.5% 46.7%	12.4% 14.0 34.2% 5.8% 22.5% 14.2' 24.5% 14.5' 24.6% 12.9	8.3% 6.7% 4.2% 7.3% 6.6%	3.3% 3.3% 3.3% 3.6% 3.5%	2.5% 1.7% 0.8% 1.8% 1.7%	0.8% 0.0% 1.7% 0.0%	0.8% 0.8% 0.0% 1.8% 0.7%	0.0% 0.0% 0.8% 0.0% 0.3%	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% 0.7%	2.5% 0.8% 0.8% 0.0%

■<1 ■1-2 ■2-3 ■3-4 ■4-5 ■5-6 ■6-7

■ 9-10 ■ 10+

Table 16. Scheduler

	St	aff Tenure, Y	'ears		% in Position	1
	Staff	Average	Median	<   Yr	I-5 Yrs	5+ Yrs
2006	153	1.6	1.0	55.6%	41.8%	2.6%
2007	165	1.5	1.0	50.3%	46.1%	3.6%
2008	173	1.7	1.2	41.6%	50.9%	7.5%
2009	189	1.7	1.3	42.3%	52.4%	5.3%
2010	199	2.0	1.2	36.2%	56.8%	7.0%
2011	297	2.1	1.7	33.0%	57.6%	9.4%
2012	205	1.9	1.2	39.0%	49.3%	11.7%
2013	199	1.7	1.1	49.7%	43.7%	6.5%
2014	203	1.8	1.2	44.8%	46.8%	8.4%
2015	238	1.7	0.9	51.7%	40.8%	7.6%
2016	238	2.0	1.2	40.9%	48.5%	10.5%
	Nun	nber of staff			Percent of staff	
300				'06 '11 '16		
0,	6 '08 '	10 '12 '14	'16	0% 20% ■ <	40% 60% 1 Yr ■ 1-5 Yrs	80% 100% 5+ Yrs
	·		% in P	osition, by Years of	Service	

					% in Posi	tion, by	Years of	Service			
	<	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
2012	39.0%	30.7%	9.3%	7.8%	1.5%	5.4%	2.9%	1.5%	0.5%	1.0%	0.5%
2013	49.7%	19.1%	14.1%	5.0%	5.5%	1.0%	1.0%	1.5%	1.5%	0.0%	1.5%
2014	44.8%	28.6%	6.4%	8.9%	3.0%	3.9%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	0.5%	1.0%
2015	51.7%	21.0%	10.9%	2.9%	5.9%	2.5%	1.7%	0.8%	0.8%	0.4%	1.3%
2016	40.9%	27.8%	11.8%	6.3%	2.5%	4.6%	2.1%	1.3%	0.4%	0.8%	1.3%
Avg	45.2%	25.5%	10.5%	6.2%	3.7%	3.5%	1.7%	1.2%	0.8%	0.5%	1.1%
Med	44.8%	27.8%	10.9%	6.3%	3.0%	3.9%	1.7%	1.3%	0.8%	0.5%	1.3%
'12								Sec. of the last			<b>n</b>
'14											
'16								No. in the last the l			
9	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90% 100	704

**■ 5-6** 

**6-7** 

■ 7-8

■8-9 ■9-10 ■10+

**<** 1

1-2

**2-3** 

**3-4** 

Table 17. Staff Assistant

		taff Tenure	, Years		% in Position					
	Staff	Average	Median	g sumil	<	l Yr	C dendV	-5 Yrs		5+ Yrs
2006	894	1.4	0.9		62	2.0%	a no ga Manada	35.3%	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.7%
2007	854	1.5	0.8		54	.4%		40.2%		5.4%
2008	815	1.6	0.9		54	.4%		37.7%		8.0%
2009	886	1.7	1.0		49	.8%		42.0%		8.2%
2010	863	1.9	1.2		46	.6%		43.1%		10.3%
2011	1292	2.1	1.5		32	9%		58.4%		8.7%
2012	721	2.1	1.1		46	.9%		39.8%		13.3%
2013	654	1.9	0.9		56	.4%		33.3%		10.2%
2014	623	1.9	0.9		53	.6%	unt mit ar	36.3%		10.1%
2015	646	1.6	0.7		63	.2%		29.1%		7.7%
2016	628	1.7	0.8		56	.7%	- 21 11 00	35.0%		8.3%
	Nu	mber of staff					Percer	nt of staff		
1350			all the war too all any day has all the day		'06			-		
850			was aga, man aga tap tan aga tan ata tan tan tan		'11					
350					'16					
	'06 '08	'10 '12	'14 '16		0%	20%	40%	60% -5 Yrs	80%	100%
						= < 1			54 Vre	
	No.	and control	9/	in Positi	on by V	=<1		En vite	5+ Yrs	
	<u> </u>	1-2			on, by Ye	ears of S	ervice	zolorii r		104
	< I		2-3 3-4	4-5	5-6	ears of Se	ervice 7-8	8-9	9-10	10+
2012	46.9%	23.0% 8	<b>2-3 3-4 3.2%</b> 5.1%	<b>4-5</b> 3.5%	<b>5-6</b> 4.2%	6-7	7-8 2.2%	<b>8-9</b>	<b>9-10</b> 2.1%	1.9%
2012	46.9% 56.4%	23.0% 8	2-3 3-4 3.2% 5.1% 9.0% 4.0%	<b>4-5</b> 3.5% 3.2%	5-6 4.2% 0.9%	6-7 1.5% 2.8%	7-8 2.2% 0.9%	8-9 1.4% 1.5%	9-10 2.1% 1.1%	1.9%
2012 2013 2014	46.9% 56.4% 53.6%	23.0% 8 17.1% 9 23.0% 5	2-3 3-4 3.2% 5.1% 9.0% 4.0% 5.1% 5.8%	4-5 3.5% 3.2% 2.4%	5-6 4.2% 0.9% 2.2%	6-7 1.5% 2.8% 0.6%	7-8 2.2% 0.9% 2.2%	8-9 1.4% 1.5% 0.8%	9-10 2.1% 1.1% 0.6%	1.9% 3.1% 3.5%
2012 2013 2014 2015	46.9% 56.4% 53.6% 63.2%	23.0% 8 17.1% 9 23.0% 5 15.9% 8	2-3 3-4 3.2% 5.1% 2.0% 4.0% 5.1% 5.8% 3.0% 2.0%	4-5 3.5% 3.2% 2.4% 3.1%	5-6 4.2% 0.9% 2.2% 1.5%	6-7 1.5% 2.8% 0.6% 1.2%	7-8 2.2% 0.9% 2.2% 0.6%	8-9 1.4% 1.5% 0.8% 1.2%	9-10 2.1% 1.1% 0.6% 0.3%	1.9% 3.1% 3.5% 2.8%
2012 2013 2014	46.9% 56.4% 53.6%	23.0% 8 17.1% 9 23.0% 5 15.9% 8 24.0% 6	2-3 3-4 3.2% 5.1% 9.0% 4.0% 5.1% 5.8%	4-5 3.5% 3.2% 2.4%	5-6 4.2% 0.9% 2.2%	6-7 1.5% 2.8% 0.6%	7-8 2.2% 0.9% 2.2%	8-9 1.4% 1.5% 0.8%	9-10 2.1% 1.1% 0.6%	1.9% 3.1% 3.5%

# Appendix. Job Title Categories

There is wide variation among the job titles used for various positions in congressional offices. Between October 2000 and March 2016, House and Senate pay data provided 13,271 unique titles under which staff received pay. Of those, 1,884 were extracted and categorized into one of 33 job titles used in CRS Reports about Member or committee offices. Office type was sometimes related to the job titles used. Some titles were specific to Member (e.g., District Director, State Director, and Field Representative) or committee (positions that are identified by majority, minority, or party standing, and Chief Clerk) offices, while others were identified in each setting (Counsel, Scheduler, Staff Assistant, and Legislative Assistant).

Other job title variations reflect factors specific to particular offices, since each office functions as its own hiring authority. Some of the titles may distinguish between roles and duties carried out in the office (e.g., chief of staff, legislative assistant, etc.). Some offices may use job titles to indicate degrees of seniority. Others might represent arguably inconsequential variations in title between two staff members who might be carrying out essentially similar activities. Examples include:

- Seemingly related job titles, such as Administrative Director and Administrative Manager, or Caseworker and Constituent Advocate
- Job titles modified by location, such as Washington, DC, State, or District Chief of Staff
- Job titles modified by policy or subject area, such as Domestic Policy Counsel, Energy Counsel, or Counsel for Constituent Services
- Committee job titles modified by party or committee subdivision. This could include a party-related distinction, such as a Majority, Minority, Democratic, or Republican Professional Staff Member. It could also denote Full Committee Staff Member, Subcommittee Staff Member, or work on behalf of an individual committee leader, like the chair or ranking member.

The titles used in this report were used by most House Members' offices, but a number of apparently related variations are included to ensure inclusion of additional offices and staff. Table A-1 provides the number of related titles included for each position used in this report or related CRS Reports on staff tenure. A list of all titles included by category is available to congressional offices upon request.

Table A	N-1. Position 1 itle	Categories and Related Positio	ns
Category Title	Related Titles	Category Title	Related Titles
Administrative Director	34	Minority Professional Staff Member	22
Casework Supervisor	31	Minority Staff Director	3
Caseworker	94	Minority Subcommittee Staff Director	32
Chief Clerk	7	Office Coordinator	34
Chief Counsel	68	Office Manager	62
Chief of Staff	23	Press Secretary	80
Communications Director	18	Professional Staff Member	142
Counsel	180	Regional Representative	37

Scheduler

41

Table A. I. Position Title Cote service and Delete

Deputy Staff Director

70

Category Title	Related Titles	Category Title	Related Titles
District Director	52	Senior Counsel	81
Executive Assistant	36	Senior Professional Staff Member	26
Field Representative	24	Staff Assistant	165
Legislative Assistant	78	Staff Director	39
Legislative Correspondent	23	State Director	31
Legislative Director	11	Subcommittee Staff Director	214
Minority Chief Counsel	12	Systems Administrator	47
Minority Counsel	22		

Source: CRS, based on House and Senate pay data.

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